eHealth Exchange QHIN TEFCA Terms & Conditions

The TEFCA Terms & Conditions ("TEFCA Terms") set forth herein are binding upon eHealth Exchange Participants <u>UNLESS AND UNTIL</u> the eHealth Exchange Participant has affirmatively opted out of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN in accordance with Section 12.05 of the DURSA.

By not opting out of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN, "Participant" hereby agrees to be bound by the terms and conditions set forth below.

TEFCA TERMS & CONDITIONS

1. Definitions

1.1 <u>Defined Terms</u>. Capitalized terms used in the TEFCA Terms that are not otherwise defined in the DURSA or that have a different meaning for purposes of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN shall have the meaning set forth below for purposes of the activities contemplated herein. Where a definition includes one or more citations to a statute, regulation, or standard, the definition shall be interpreted to refer to such statute, regulation, or standard as may be amended from time-to-time.

Applicable Law: all federal, state, local, or tribal laws and regulations then in effect and applicable to the subject matter herein. For the avoidance of doubt, federal agencies are only subject to federal law.

Business Associate Agreement (BAA): a contract, agreement, or other arrangement that satisfies the implementation specifications described within 45 CFR § 164.504, as applicable.

Common Agreement: means the *Common Agreement for Nationwide Health Information Interoperability* that has been entered into by and between the eHealth Exchange and the RCE, including as may be amended, along with the QHIN Technical Framework (QTF), all Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), and all other attachments, exhibits, and artifacts incorporated therein by reference.

Confidential Information:

Any information that is designated as Confidential Information by the person or entity that discloses it (a "Discloser"), or that a reasonable person would understand to be of a confidential nature, and is disclosed to another person or entity (a "Recipient") pursuant to these TEFCA Terms. For the avoidance of doubt, "Confidential Information" does not include electronic protected health information (ePHI), as defined in these TEFCA Terms, that is subject to a Business Associate Agreement and/or other provisions of these TEFCA Terms.

Notwithstanding any label to the contrary, "Confidential Information" does **not** include any information that: (i) is or becomes known publicly through no fault of the Recipient; or (ii) is learned by the Recipient from a third party that the Recipient reasonably believes is entitled to disclose it without restriction; or (iii) is already known to the Recipient before receipt from the Discloser, as shown by the Recipient's written records; or (iv) is independently developed by Recipient without the use of or reference to the Discloser's Confidential Information, as shown by the Recipient's written records, and was not subject to confidentiality restrictions prior to receipt of such information from the Discloser; or (v) must be disclosed under operation of law, provided that, to the extent permitted by Applicable Law, the Recipient gives the Discloser reasonable notice to allow the Discloser to object to such redisclosure, and such redisclosure is made to the minimum extent necessary to comply with Applicable Law.

Connectivity Services: the technical services provided by a QHIN consistent with the requirements of the then-applicable QHIN Technical Framework and pursuant to the Common Agreement and provided by the eHealth Exchange to Participant consistent with the Required Flow-Downs of the Common Agreement with respect to all Exchange Purposes.

Direct Relationship: a relationship between (1) an Individual and (2) a QHIN or a TEFCA Participant or Subparticipant that arises when the QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or a Subparticipant, as applicable, offers services to the Individual in connection with one or more of the Framework Agreements, and the Individual agrees to receive such services.

Disclosure (including its correlative meanings "Disclose," "Disclosed," and "Disclosing"): the release, transfer, provision of access to, or divulging in any manner of TI outside the entity holding the information.

Discovery: for purposes of determining the date on which a TEFCA Security Incident was discovered, the term Discovery shall be determined consistent with 45 CFR § 164.404(a)(2) as if the TEFCA Security Incident were a breach (as defined in 45 CFR § 164.402) except that this term shall also apply to Non-HIPAA Entities.

Downstream Subparticipant: a Subparticipant that has entered into a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement to use the services of another Subparticipant (referred to as the "Upstream Subparticipant") to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more of the Exchange Purposes.

Downstream Subparticipant Agreement: an agreement that incorporates all of the Required Flow-Downs of the Common Agreement and is between a Subparticipant (referred to as the "Upstream Subparticipant") and one or more Subparticipants (each

a "Downstream Subparticipant"), which enables the Downstream Subparticipant(s) to use the services of the Upstream Subparticipant to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more Exchange Purposes; provided, however, that any provisions of said agreement that permit or require activities other than those required or permitted by the Common Agreement shall not be deemed part of the Downstream Subparticipant Agreement as defined herein. For example, if the agreement provides for transmission of information for reasons other than the Exchange Purposes, the provisions governing such activities shall not be deemed part of the Downstream Subparticipant Agreement as defined herein. Any Subparticipant may enter into a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement.

Electronic Protected Health Information (ePHI): has the meaning assigned to such term at 45 CFR § 160.103.

Exchange Purpose(s): means the reason, as authorized by the Common Agreement, including the Exchange Purposes SOP, for a Request, Use, Disclosure, or Response transmitted via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange as one step in the transmission. Authorized Exchange Purposes are: Treatment, Payment, Health Care Operations, Public Health, Government Benefits Determination, Individual Access Services, and any other purpose authorized as an Exchange Purpose by the Exchange Purposes SOP, each to the extent permitted under Applicable Law, under all applicable Required Flow-Down provisions of the Common Agreement, and, if applicable, under the implementation SOP for the applicable Exchange Purpose.

Framework Agreement(s): any one or combination of the Common Agreement, a Participant-QHIN Agreement, a Participant-Subparticipant Agreement, or a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement, as applicable.

Government Benefits Determination: a determination made by any federal, state, local, or tribal agency, instrumentality, or other unit of government as to whether an Individual qualifies for government benefits for any purpose other than health care (for example, Social Security disability benefits) to the extent permitted by Applicable Law. Disclosure of TI for this purpose may require an authorization that complies with Applicable Law.

Government Health Care Entity: any agency, instrumentality, or other unit of the federal, state, local, or tribal government to the extent that it provides health care services (e.g., Treatment) to Individuals but only to the extent that it is not acting as a Covered Entity.

Health Care Operations: has the meaning assigned to such term at 45 CFR § 164.501, except that this term shall apply to the applicable activities of a Health Care Provider regardless of whether the Health Care Provider is a Covered Entity.

Health Care Provider: has the meaning assigned to such term in the information blocking regulations at 45 CFR § 171.102 or in the HIPAA Rules at 45 CFR § 160.103.

HIPAA: the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 codified at 42 U.S.C. § 300gg, 29 U.S.C. § 1181 *et seq.*, 42 U.S.C. § 1320d *et seq.*, and the Health Information Technology for Economic and Clinical Health (HITECH) Act of 2009 codified at 42 U.S.C. § 17921 et seq., and 42 U.S.C. § 17931 et seq.

HIPAA Rules: the regulations set forth at 45 CFR Parts 160, 162, and 164.

HIPAA Privacy Rule: the regulations set forth at 45 CFR Parts 160 and 164, Subparts A and E.

HIPAA Security Rule: the regulations set forth at 45 CFR Part 160 and Part 164, Subpart C.

Individual: one or more of the following:

- (1) An individual as defined by 45 CFR 160.103;
- (2) Any other natural person who is the subject of the information being Requested, Used, or Disclosed;
- (3) A person who legally acts on behalf of a person described in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this definition in making decisions related to health care as a personal representative, in accordance with 45 CFR 164.502(g);
- (4) A person who is a legal representative of and can make health care decisions on behalf of any person described in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this definition; or
- (5) An executor, administrator, or other person having authority to act on behalf of a deceased person described in paragraphs (1) or (2) of this section or the individual's estate under Applicable Law.

IAS Provider: Each QHIN, TEFCA Participant, and Subparticipant that offers Individual Access Services.

Individual Access Services (IAS): with respect to the Exchange Purposes definition, the services provided utilizing the Connectivity Services, to the extent consistent with Applicable Law, to an Individual with whom the QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant has a Direct Relationship to satisfy that Individual's ability to access, inspect, or obtain a copy of that Individual's Required Information that is then maintained by or for any QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant.

Individually Identifiable: refers to information that identifies an Individual or with respect to which there is a reasonable basis to believe that the information could be used to identify an Individual.

Non-HIPAA Entity (NHE): a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or a Subparticipant that is neither a Covered Entity nor a Business Associate under HIPAA with regard to activities under the applicable Framework Agreement.

Participant: means the organization participating in the eHealth Exchange pursuant to the DURSA that has not opted out of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN and is, thereby, subject to these TEFCA Terms. For the avoidance of doubt, Participant is also a "TEFCA Participant," as later defined in this Section.

Participant-QHIN Agreement:

An agreement that incorporates all of the Required Flow-Downs of the Common Agreement and is between a QHIN and one or more TEFCA Participants. The *TEFCA Terms & Conditions* is the Participant-QHIN Agreement for purposes of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN.

Participant-Subparticipant Agreement:

An agreement that incorporates all of the Required Flow-Downs of the Common Agreement and is between a TEFCA Participant and one or more of its Subparticipants, which enables the Subparticipant(s) to use the services of the TEFCA Participant to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more Exchange Purposes; provided, however, that any provisions of said agreement that permit or require activities other than those required or permitted by the Common Agreement shall not be deemed part of the Participant-Subparticipant Agreement as defined herein. For example, if the agreement provides for transmission of information for reasons other than the Exchange Purposes, the provisions governing such activities shall not be deemed part of the Participant-Subparticipant Agreement as defined herein.

Privacy and Security Notice: the written privacy and security notice described in Section 10.3.1 of the TEFCA Terms.

Public Health: with respect to the definition of Exchange Purposes, a Request, Use, Disclosure, or Response permitted under the HIPAA Rules and other Applicable Law for public health activities and purposes involving a Public Health Authority, where such public health activities and purposes are permitted by Applicable Law, including a Use or Disclosure permitted under 45 CFR §164.512(b) and 45 CFR §164.514(e). For the avoidance of doubt, a Public Health Authority may Request, Use, and Disclose TI hereunder for the Exchange Purpose of Public Health to the extent permitted by Applicable Law and the Framework Agreements.

Public Health Authority: has the meaning assigned to such term at 45 CFR §164.501.

QHIN Directory: A system used by the eHealth Exchange QHIN and other QHINs to record and resolve the identifiers and endpoints of their TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants. The QHIN Directory includes a local copy of the RCE Directory.

QHIN Technical Framework (QTF): the document published by the RCE that is described in the Common Agreement and incorporated by reference therein, as may be amended, that may include: (1) technical requirements, functional requirements, and privacy- and security-related requirements for the exchange of TI between QHINs; (2) internal-QHIN functional requirements; (3) technical, privacy, and security flow-down requirements from the QHIN to the TEFCA Participants and/or Subparticipants (if any) in addition to the privacy and security Required Flow-Downs in the Common Agreement; and (4) operational requirements that enable the exchange of TI between and among QHINs.

Qualified Health Information Network (QHIN): to the extent permitted by applicable SOP(s), a health information network that is a U.S. Entity that has been designated by the RCE as a QHIN and is a party to the Common Agreement countersigned by the RCE.

RCE Directory: The individual organization entries that form the content of the RCE Directory Service.

RCE Directory Service: a technical service provided by the RCE that enables QHINs and TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants to share directory information associated with other QHINs, TEFCA Participants, and Subparticipants in order to enable the exchange of TI under the Framework Agreements. The then-current technical endpoints and other identifying information of QHINs, TEFCA Participants, and Subparticipants are included and maintained as part of the RCE Directory Service.

Recognized Coordinating Entity (RCE): the entity selected by ONC that enters into the Common Agreement with QHINs in order to impose, at a minimum, the requirements of the Common Agreement, including the SOPs and the QTF, on the QHINs and administer such requirements on an ongoing basis.

Request(s) (including its correlative uses/tenses "Requested" and "Requesting"): the act of asking for information in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Framework Agreements.

Required Flow-Down(s): the rights and obligations set forth within the Common Agreement that each QHIN is required to incorporate in its Participant-QHIN Agreements and that each QHIN is required to obligate its TEFCA Participants to

include in their Subparticipant Agreements and that QHINs must require TEFCA Participants to obligate Subparticipants to impose on their Downstream Subparticipants, if any, through their Downstream Subparticipant Agreements. Provisions of the Common Agreement containing such rights and obligations are identified in the section or applicable subsection title as "(Required Flow-Down(s))."

Required Information:

Electronic information maintained by any QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant prior to or during the term of the applicable Framework Agreement:

- (i) that would be ePHI if maintained by a Covered Entity or a Business Associate; and
- (ii) regardless of whether the information is or has already been transmitted via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following types of information are **not** Required Information:

- (a) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of, or for use in, a civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding; or
- (b) psychotherapy notes (as defined at 45 CFR 164.501).

Response(s) (including its correlative uses/tenses "Responded" and "Responding"): the act of providing information or the information provided in accordance with the applicable requirements of the Framework Agreements.

Standard Operating Procedure(s) or SOP(s): a written procedure published by the RCE that is adopted pursuant to the Common Agreement and incorporated by reference into the Common Agreement to provide detailed information or requirements related to the exchange activities under the Common Agreement, including all amendments thereto and any new SOPs that are adopted pursuant to the Common Agreement. SOPs will be adopted to address operational processes. Each SOP identifies the relevant group(s) to which the SOP applies, including whether TEFCA Participants and/or Subparticipants are required to comply with a given SOP. An SOP shall be deemed in effect when adopted pursuant to the change management process set forth in the Common Agreement and listed on a public website.

Subparticipant: to the extent permitted by applicable SOP(s), a U.S. Entity regardless of whether the entity is a Covered Entity or Business Associate, that has entered into either: (i) a Participant-Subparticipant Agreement to use the services of a TEFCA Participant to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more Exchange Purposes; or (ii) a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement pursuant to which the services of a Subparticipant are used to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more Exchange Purposes.

TEFCA Dispute Resolution Process: the non-binding dispute resolution process provided for in the Common Agreement that may be invoked by QHINs as set forth in the *Dispute Resolution Process SOP*.

TEFCA Information (TI): any information that is exchanged between QHINs for one or more of the Exchange Purposes pursuant to any of the Framework Agreements. As a matter of general policy, once TI is received by a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant that is a Covered Entity or Business Associate and is incorporated into such recipient's system of records, the information is no longer TI and is governed by the HIPAA Rules and other Applicable Law.

TEFCA Materials: collectively, these TEFCA Terms & Conditions, the TEFCA Protocols, the TEFCA Supplements, and the TEFCA Participant/Subparticipant SOPs, each as defined in Section 4.2 of these TEFCA Terms.

TEFCA Participant(s): means any/all U.S. Entities, as permitted by an SOP, that enter into an agreement with a QHIN to participate in QHIN-to-QHIN exchange in accordance with the Required Flow-Downs of the Common Agreement.

TEFCA Security Incident(s):

- (1) An unauthorized acquisition, access, Disclosure, or Use of unencrypted TI in transit using the Connectivity Services or pursuant to any Framework Agreement between a QHIN and its TEFCA Participants, between TEFCA Participants and their Subparticipants, or between Subparticipants, but NOT including the following:
 - (i) Any unintentional acquisition, access, or Use of TI by a workforce member or person acting under the authority of a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant, if such acquisition, access, or Use was made in good faith and within the scope of authority and does not result in further Use or Disclosure in a manner not permitted under Applicable Law and the applicable Framework Agreement.
 - (ii) Any inadvertent Disclosure by a person who is authorized to access TI at a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant to another person authorized to access TI at the same QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant, or Organized Health Care Arrangement (as defined at 45 CFR § 160.103) in which a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant participates or serves as a Business Associate, and the information received as a result of such Disclosure is not further Used or Disclosed in a manner not permitted under Applicable Law and the applicable Framework Agreement.

- (iii) A Disclosure of TI where a QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant has a good faith belief that an unauthorized person to whom the Disclosure was made would not reasonably have been able to retain such information.
- (iv) A Disclosure of TI that has been de-identified in accordance with the standard at 45 CFR § 164.514(a).
- (2) Other security events (e.g., ransomware attacks), as set forth in an SOP, that prevent the affected QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant from responding to requests for information as required under the applicable Framework Agreement or otherwise adversely affect their participation in exchange via the Connectivity Services.

United States: the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the territories and possessions of the United States including, without limitation, all military bases or other military installations, embassies, and consulates operated by the United States government.

Unsecured: has the meaning assigned to such term at 45 CFR § 164.402 regarding PHI as if it applied to TI that is Individually Identifiable.

- **U.S. Entity/Entities:** any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or other legal entity that meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The entity is organized under the laws of a state or commonwealth of the United States or the federal law of the United States and is subject to the jurisdiction of the United States and the state or commonwealth under which it was formed;
 - (2) The entity's principal place of business, as determined under federal common law, is in the United States; and
 - (3) None of the entity's directors, officers, or executives, and none of the owners with a five percent (5%) or greater interest in the entity, are listed on the *Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List* published by the United States Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Asset Control or on the Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Inspector General's List of Excluded Individuals/Entities.

Upstream Subparticipant: a Subparticipant that provides services to a Downstream Subparticipant pursuant to a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement to send and/or receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for one or more Exchange Purposes.

Use(s) (including correlative uses/tenses, such as "Uses," "Used," and "Using"): with respect to TI, means the sharing, employment, application, utilization, examination, or analysis of such information within an entity that maintains such information.

2. Participant Eligibility & Subparticipant Onboarding

- 2.1 <u>Participant Eligibility</u>. By not opting out of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN, Participant represents and warrants that it meets the definition of a U.S. Entity as set forth in these TEFCA Terms. Participant further attests that it is one or more of the types of entities that is permitted to participate in TEFCA in accordance with the applicable SOP, which SOP is attached to these TEFCA Terms as **Exhibit A**, including as may be amended by the RCE.
- 2.2 <u>Subparticipant Eligibility and Onboarding</u>. Participant is responsible for ensuring that each organization that wishes to be a Subparticipant of Participant meets the definition of a U.S. Entity and is one or more of the types of entities that is permitted to participate in TEFCA in accordance with **Exhibit A**, including as may be amended by the RCE. Participant is responsible for the submission of Subparticipant onboarding information and, by submitting information for purposes of adding an entity to the QHIN Directory, Participant attests that such entity has also agreed to be bound by these TEFCA Terms as a Subparticipant.

3. Scope & Flow-Down Obligations.

- 3.1 <u>Scope of TEFCA Terms</u>. These TEFCA Terms govern Participant's use of the Connectivity Services and overall participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN. As further set forth below, these TEFCA Terms also govern indirect participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN by all those that ultimately request and/or receive information via the Connectivity Services vis-à-vis Participant as a Subparticipant (or as their Downstream Subparticipant).
- 3.2 <u>Serial Flow-Down Obligations</u>. Participant must flow these TEFCA Terms down to its Subparticipants that connect to the eHealth Exchange QHIN through Participant, if any. In addition, Participant must ensure that its Subparticipants are obligated to flow down all TEFCA Terms to their Downstream Subparticipants and that these terms are flowed down and enforced between all levels of Upstream and Downstream Subparticipants.

4. TEFCA Compliance

4.1 <u>Compliance with Applicable Law and the TEFCA Terms</u>. Participant shall comply with all Applicable Law and shall implement and act in accordance with the provisions of these TEFCA Terms, including all TEFCA Materials, which are hereby expressly incorporated into this TEFCA Terms by reference.

- 4.2 <u>Compliance with the TEFCA Materials</u>.
 - 4.2.1 TEFCA Participant/Subparticipant SOPs. On the title page of each SOP, the RCE identifies the relevant group or groups to which the particular SOP applies. The QHIN Governance Committee or its designee shall be responsible for identifying which SOPs are applicable to TEFCA Participants and/or Subparticipants and shall communicate this to Participant in accordance with the process set forth in the TEFCA Protocols. Participant shall comply with all such SOPs and, if applicable to Subparticipants, shall require compliance with the same by its Subparticipants.
 - 4.2.2 <u>TEFCA Protocols</u>. Participant shall comply with all TEFCA Protocols and shall require that its Subparticipants comply with applicable TEFCA Protocols.
 - 4.2.3 <u>TEFCA Supplements</u>. The TEFCA Supplements specify which of the technical standards and functional requirements from the QTF must be implemented by Participant and its Subparticipants. The TEFCA Supplements also set forth the process for testing and onboarding to the eHealth Exchange QHIN. Participant shall comply with all TEFCA Supplements and, if applicable to Subparticipants, shall require compliance with the same by its Subparticipants.
- 4.3 Participant Responsibilities Regarding Subparticipant Compliance with TEFCA Terms. Participant shall be responsible for taking reasonable steps to confirm that all of its Subparticipants are abiding by Applicable Law and by these TEFCA Terms, including all applicable TEFCA Materials. In the event that Participant becomes aware of a material non-compliance by one of its Subparticipants, then Participant shall promptly notify the Subparticipant in writing. Such notice shall inform the Subparticipant that its failure to correct any such deficiencies within the timeframe established by Participant shall constitute a material breach of the Participant-Subparticipant Agreement, which may result in early termination of said agreement.

5. TEFCA Governance, Change Management, & the QHIN Governance Committee

- 5.1 <u>TEFCA Governance</u>. The governing approach and governance structure under TEFCA is established by the RCE and ONC and is set forth in the Common Agreement. In accordance with that approach and structure, the process through which the eHealth Exchange will engage those participating in the eHealth Exchange QHIN in TEFCA governance is set forth in the TEFCA Protocols.
- 5.2 <u>TEFCA Change Management</u>. Change management under TEFCA is established by the RCE and ONC and is set forth in the Common Agreement. All QHINs and all TEFCA

Participants and Subparticipants are subject to the outcomes of the change management process established under the Common Agreement with respect to the rights and obligations governing participation in TEFCA. For this reason, changes to the TEFCA Terms, including the TEFCA Materials, are <u>not</u> governed by the change management procedure set forth in the DURSA. The procedure for providing notification to Participant of proposed and final changes to the TEFCA Materials is set forth in the TEFCA Protocols.

5.3 <u>QHIN Governance Committee</u>. To support the distinct governance functions associated with participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN, and to meet the QHIN governance requirements established by the RCE and ONC, there shall be a "QHIN Governance Committee" or "QGC." The QGC shall include representatives of organizations participating in the eHealth Exchange QHIN, as set forth in the TEFCA Protocols. Participant hereby grants to the QGC the authority to administer certain governance functions pertaining to participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN and use of the Connectivity Services as set forth in the TEFCA Protocols.

6. Cooperation and Non-Discrimination

- 6.1 <u>Cooperation</u>. Participant understands and acknowledges that numerous activities with respect to the Framework Agreements will likely involve the eHealth Exchange, the RCE, other QHINs and their respective TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants, as well as employees, agents, third-party contractors, vendors, or consultants of each of them. To the extent not in violation of Applicable Law, Participant shall, and shall also require that its Subparticipants, comply with the following obligations:
 - (i) Respond in a timely manner, as the RCE may further specify in an SOP, to inquiries from the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee about possible issues related to the exchange of information using the eHealth Exchange Connectivity Services;
 - (ii) Participate collaboratively in discussions coordinated by the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee to address differing interpretations of requirements in these TEFCA Terms, including any of the TEFCA Materials, prior to pursuing or requesting initiation of any dispute resolution process that may be available;
 - (iii) Make reasonable efforts to notify the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee when persistent and widespread connectivity failures are occurring with Participant or its Subparticipants, so that all those affected can investigate the problems and identify the root cause(s) of the connectivity failures;

- (iv) Work cooperatively, including, without limitation, participating in contact facilitated by the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee with other QHINs or their TEFCA Participants or their Subparticipants and facilitate contact with Participant's Subparticipants, to address the root cause(s) of persistent and widespread connectivity failures;
- (v) Provide information to the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee in support of collaborative efforts to resolve issues or disputes, provided that such information is subject to the right to restrict or condition cooperation or disclosure of information in the interest of preserving privileges in any reasonably foreseeable litigation or protecting Confidential Information;
- (vi) Provide information to aid the efforts of the eHealth Exchange or of other QHINs or their respective TEFCA Participants or Subparticipants to understand, contain, and mitigate a TEFCA Security Incident at the request of the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee, provided that such information is subject to the right to restrict or condition cooperation or disclosure of information in the interest of preserving privileges in any reasonably foreseeable litigation or protecting Confidential Information; and
- (vii) Subject to the right to restrict or condition cooperation or disclosure of information in the interest of preserving privileges in any reasonably foreseeable litigation or protecting Confidential Information, disclose to the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee available information related to the following:
 - (a) cybersecurity risk information sharing programs; or
 - (b) specific, identified security flaws in the operation of Participant or its Subparticipant(s) that may require Participant or its Subparticipant(s) to take specific steps to protect the security of their information technology systems and would not otherwise fall into subsection (a).

In no case shall Participant be required to disclose any information in violation of Applicable Law. In seeking cooperation, the QHIN Governance Committee and/or its designee and Participant shall make all reasonable efforts to accommodate the other's schedules and reasonable operational concerns. The costs of cooperation to Participant shall not be charged to the eHealth Exchange, the RCE, or other QHINs. Nothing in this Section 6.1 shall modify or replace the TEFCA Security Incident notification obligations under Section 12.3 and, if applicable, Section 10.5.3 of the TEFCA Terms.

6.2 Non-Discrimination.

- 6.2.1 <u>Prohibition Against Exclusivity</u>. Neither the eHealth Exchange nor Participant shall prohibit or attempt to prohibit any of Participant's Subparticipant from joining, exchanging with, conducting other transactions with, or supporting any other networks or exchange frameworks, using services *other than* the Connectivity Services, concurrently with the services of the eHealth Exchange QHIN.
- 6.2.2 No Discriminatory Limits on Exchange of TI. Neither the eHealth Exchange nor Participant shall impede the exchange of information as permitted or required under the applicable Framework Agreements or limit interoperability with any TEFCA Participant or Subparticipant, or with any Individual, in a discriminatory manner. As used in this Section, a "discriminatory manner" means action that is inconsistently taken or not taken with respect to any similarly situated TEFCA Participant, Subparticipant, Individual, or group of them, whether it is a competitor, or whether it is affiliated with or has a contractual relationship with any other entity, or in response to an event. Notwithstanding the foregoing, reasonable limitations, load balancing of network traffic, or other activities, protocols, or rules shall not be deemed discriminatory to the extent that they: (i) satisfy the requirements of the exception set forth in 45 CFR 171.205; and/or (ii) are based on a reasonable and good-faith belief that the other entity or group has not satisfied or will not be able to satisfy the applicable terms for participation in QHIN-to-QHIN exchange (including compliance with Applicable Law) in any material respect.

7. Confidentiality

Confidential Information. the eHealth Exchange and Participant each agrees to use all Confidential Information received pursuant to these TEFCA Terms only as authorized in these TEFCA Terms and any applicable SOP(s) and solely for the purposes of performing its obligations under these TEFCA Terms or the proper exchange of information under the Framework Agreements and for no other purpose. Each Party may act as a Discloser and a Recipient, accordingly. A Recipient will disclose the Confidential Information it receives only to its employees, subcontractors, and agents who require such knowledge and use in the ordinary course and scope of their employment or retention and are obligated to protect the confidentiality of the Discloser's Confidential Information in a manner substantially equivalent to the terms required herein for the treatment of Confidential Information. Otherwise, a Recipient agrees not to disclose the Confidential Information received to anyone except as permitted under these TEFCA Terms.

8. RCE Directory

8.1 Utilization of the RCE Directory. The RCE Directory Service shall be used by QHINs, their TEFCA Participants, and their Subparticipants to create and maintain operational connectivity under the Framework Agreements. The eHealth Exchange is providing Participant with access to, and the right to use, the RCE Directory Service as contained within the eHealth Exchange's QHIN Directory on the express condition that Participant only use and disclose RCE Directory information as necessary to advance the intended use of the RCE Directory Service or as required by Applicable Law. For example, Participant is permitted to disclose RCE Directory information to the workforce members of its Subparticipant's health information technology vendor who are engaged in assisting the Subparticipant with establishing and maintaining connectivity via the Framework Agreements. Further, Participant shall not use RCE Directory information for marketing or any form of promotion of its own products and services, unless such use or disclosure is primarily part of an effort by Participant to expand, or otherwise improve, connectivity via the Framework Agreements, and any promotion of Participant's own products or services is only incidental to that primary purpose. In no event shall Participant use or disclose RCE Directory information in a manner that should be reasonably expected to have a detrimental effect on ONC, the RCE, the eHealth Exchange, other QHINs and/or their TEFCA Participants or Subparticipants, or any other individual or organization. For the avoidance of doubt, RCE Directory information is Confidential Information except to the extent such information meets one of the exceptions to the definition of Confidential Information.

9. TEFCA Exchange Activities

In addition to the requirements below, TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants may only Request information under the applicable Framework Agreement for a specific Exchange Purpose if the TEFCA Participant or Subparticipant is the type of person or entity that is described in the definition of the applicable Exchange Purpose. Such a TEFCA Participant or Subparticipant may use a Business Associate, agent, or contractor to make such a Request, Use, or Disclosure for the applicable Exchange Purpose. For example, only a Health Care Provider as described in the definition of Treatment (or a Business Associate, agent, or contractor acting on that Health Care Provider's behalf) may Request information for the Exchange Purpose of Treatment.

These TEFCA Terms specify, among other things, the reasons for which information may be Requested and transmitted from one QHIN to another QHIN. Participant and its Subparticipants should understand that, despite their participation under a Framework Agreement, the eHealth Exchange is prohibited from engaging in QHIN-to-QHIN exchange for any purpose other than an Exchange Purpose under the Common Agreement. The RCE recognizes that QHINs may participate in other health information exchange networks and TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants also likely participate in other networks, as well as

non-network-based information exchange. Neither the Common Agreement nor these TEFCA Terms, affect these other activities or the reasons for which TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants may request and exchange information within their networks and/or subject to other agreements, including, in the case of the eHealth Exchange, pursuant to the DURSA. Such activities are not in any way limited by these TEFCA Terms.

- 9.1 <u>Uses</u>. Participant may Use TI in any manner that: (1) is not prohibited by Applicable Law; (2) is consistent with Participant's Privacy and Security Notice, if applicable; and (3) is in accordance with Sections 11 and 12 of these TEFCA Terms.
- 9.2 <u>Disclosures</u>. Participant may Disclose TI provided such Disclosure: (1) is not prohibited by Applicable Law; (2) is consistent with Participant's Privacy and Security Notice, if applicable; and (3) is in accordance with Sections 11 and 12 of these TEFCA Terms.
- 9.3 Responses. Participant must support **all** Exchange Purposes and must Respond to all Exchange Purposes that are identified as "required" in the Exchange Purposes SOP, including as may be amended by the RCE. Participant must provide all Required Information that is relevant for a required Exchange Purpose, as may be further specified in an implementation SOP for the applicable Exchange Purpose, in Response to a Request transmitted via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange, unless providing the Required Information is prohibited by Applicable Law or these TEFCA Terms or if not providing the Required Information is consistent with all Applicable Law and these TEFCA Terms.
 - 9.4.1 Exceptions to Required Responses. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Participant is **permitted but not required** to Respond to a Request transmitted via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange in the circumstances set forth below, provided the Response: (1) is not prohibited by Applicable Law; (2) is consistent with Participant's Privacy and Security Notice, if applicable; and (3) is in accordance with these TEFCA Terms.
 - (i) If Participant is a Public Health Authority;
 - (ii) If Participant utilizes the Government Benefits Determination Exchange Purpose, including such an agency's agent(s)/contractor(s);
 - (iii) If the reason asserted for the Request is Individual Access Services and the information would not be required to be provided to an Individual pursuant to 45 CFR § 164.524(a)(2), regardless of whether Participant is a NHE, a Covered Entity, or a Business Associate;

- (iv) If the Requested information is not Required Information, provided such response would not otherwise violate these TEFCA Terms;
- (v) If Participant is a federal agency, to the extent that the Requested Disclosure of Required Information is not permitted under Applicable Law (e.g., it is Controlled Unclassified Information as defined at 32 CFR Part 2002, and the party requesting it does not comply with the applicable policies and controls that the federal agency adopted to satisfy its requirements); or
- (vi) If the Exchange Purpose is authorized under these TEFCA Terms but is not required at the time of the Request pursuant to the Exchange Purposes SOP.
- 9.4 Special Legal Requirements. If and to the extent Applicable Law requires that an Individual either consent to, approve, or provide an authorization for the Use or Disclosure of that Individual's information to Participant, such as a more stringent state law relating to sensitive health information, then Participant shall refrain from the Use or Disclosure of such information in connection with these TEFCA Terms unless such Individual's consent, approval, or authorization has been obtained consistent with the requirements of Applicable Law and Section 11 of these TEFCA Terms, including, without limitation, communicated pursuant to the process described in the TEFCA Supplements. Copies of such consent, approval, or authorization shall be maintained and transmitted pursuant to the process described in the TEFCA Supplements by whichever party is required to obtain it under Applicable Law, and Participant may make such copies of the consent, approval, or authorization available electronically to any QHIN, TEFCA Participant, or Subparticipant in accordance with the TEFCA Supplements and to the extent permitted by Applicable Law. Participant shall maintain written policies and procedures to allow an Individual to revoke such consent, approval, or authorization on a prospective basis. If Participant is an IAS Provider, the foregoing shall not be interpreted to modify, replace, or diminish the requirements set forth in Section 10 of these TEFCA Terms for obtaining an Individual's express written consent.

10. Individual Access Services

10.1 Individual Access Services (IAS) Offering(s). Organizations participating in the eHealth Exchange QHIN at any level (i.e., as a TEFCA Participant, Subparticipant, or Downstream Subparticipant) are not permitted to offer IAS through the eHealth Exchange QHIN. The foregoing does not alter Participant's obligation to respond to IAS Requests in accordance with Section 9 of these TEFCA Terms. Further, nothing in this Section 10 shall modify, terminate, or in any way affect an Individual's right of access under the HIPAA Privacy Rule at 45 CFR 164.524, where applicable. Nor shall

anything in this Section be construed as an exception or excuse for any conduct by Participant that meets the definition of information blocking in 45 CFR 171.103.

11. Privacy

11.1 Compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule. If Participant is a NHE (but not to the extent that it is acting as an entity entitled to make a Government Benefits Determination under Applicable Law, a Public Health Authority, or a Government Health Care Entity), then it shall comply with the provisions of the HIPAA Privacy Rule listed below with respect to all Individually Identifiable information that Participant reasonably believes is TI as if such information is Protected Health Information and Participant is a Covered Entity. Such compliance shall be consistent with Section 4 of these TEFCA Terms.

11.1.1 From 45 CFR § 164.502, General Rules:

- Subsection (a)(1) Dealing with permitted Uses and Disclosures, but only to the extent Participant is authorized to engage in the activities described in this subsection of the HIPAA Privacy Rule for the applicable Exchange Purpose.
- Subsection (a)(2)(i) Requiring Disclosures to Individuals
- Subsection (a)(3) Business Associates
- Subsection (a)(5) Dealing with prohibited Uses and Disclosures
- Subsection (b) Dealing with the minimum necessary standard
- Subsection (c) Dealing with agreed-upon restrictions
- Subsection (d) Dealing with deidentification and re-identification of information
- Subsection (e) Dealing with Business Associate contracts
- Subsection (f) Dealing with deceased persons' information
- Subsection (g) Dealing with personal representatives
- Subsection (h) Dealing with confidential communications
- Subsection (i) Dealing with Uses and Disclosures consistent with notice
- Subsection (j) Dealing with Disclosures by whistleblowers

11.1.2 45 CFR § 164.504, Organizational Requirements.

11.1.3 45 CFR § 164.508, Authorization Required. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the provisions of Sections 10.2 and 10.3 shall control and this Section 11.1.3 shall not apply with respect to an IAS Provider that is a NHE.

- 11.1.4 45 CFR § 164.510, Uses and Disclosures Requiring Opportunity to Agree or Object. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an IAS Provider that is a NHE but is not a Health Care Provider shall not have the right to make the permissive Disclosures described in § 164.510(3) Emergency circumstances; provided, however, that an IAS Provider is not prohibited from making such a Disclosure if the Individual has consented to the Disclosure pursuant to Section 10 of these TEFCA Terms.
- 11.1.5 45 CFR § 164.512, Authorization or Opportunity to Object Not Required. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an IAS Provider that is a NHE but is not a Health Care Provider shall not have the right to make the permissive Disclosures described in § 164.512(c) Standard: Disclosures about victims of abuse, neglect or domestic violence, § 164.512 Subsection (d) Standard: Uses and disclosures for health oversight activities, and § 164.512 Subsection (j) Standard: Uses and disclosures to avert a serious threat to health or safety; provided, however, that an IAS Provider is not prohibited from making such a Disclosure(s) if the Individual has consented to the Disclosure(s) pursuant to Section 10 of these TEFCA Terms.
- 11.1.6 From 45 CFR § 164.514, Other Requirements Relating to Uses and Disclosures:
 - Subsections (a)-(c) Dealing with de-identification requirements that render information not Individually Identifiable for purposes of this Section 11 and TEFCA Security Incidents
 - Subsection (d) Dealing with minimum necessary requirements
 - Subsection (e) Dealing with Limited Data Sets
- 11.1.7 45 CFR § 164.522, Rights to Request Privacy Protections.
- 11.1.8 45 CFR § 164.524, Access of Individuals, except that an IAS Provider that is a NHE shall be subject to the requirements of Section 10 with respect to access by Individuals for purposes of IAS and not this Section 11.1.8.
- 11.1.9 45 CFR § 164.528, Accounting of Disclosures.
- 11.1.10 From 45 CFR § 164.530, Administrative Requirements:
 - Subsection (a) Dealing with personnel designations
 - Subsection (b) Dealing with training
 - Subsection (c) Dealing with safeguards
 - Subsection (d) Dealing with complaints
 - Subsection (e) Dealing with sanctions
 - Subsection (f) Dealing with mitigation

- Subsection (g) Dealing with refraining from intimidating or retaliatory acts
- Subsection (h) Dealing with waiver of rights
- Subsection (i) Dealing with policies and procedures
- Subsection (j) Dealing with documentation
- Mritten Privacy Policy. Participant must develop, implement, make publicly available, and act in accordance with a written privacy policy describing its privacy practices with respect to Individually Identifiable information that is Used or Disclosed pursuant to these TEFCA Terms. Participant can satisfy the written privacy policy requirement by including applicable content consistent with the HIPAA Rules into its existing privacy policy, except as otherwise stated herein with respect to IAS Providers. This written privacy policy requirement does not supplant the HIPAA Privacy Rule obligations of a Covered Entity to post and distribute a Notice of Privacy Practices that meets the requirements of 45 CFR § 164.520. If Participant is a Covered Entity, then this written privacy practices requirement can be satisfied by its Notice of Privacy Practices.

12. Security

- 12.1 Security Controls. Participant shall implement and maintain appropriate security controls for TI that are commensurate with risks to the confidentiality, integrity, and/or availability of the TI. If Participant is a NHE, it shall comply with the HIPAA Security Rule provisions with respect to all Individually Identifiable information that Participant reasonably believes is TI as if such information were Protected Health Information and Participant were a Covered Entity or Business Associate. Participant shall further comply with any additional security requirements that may be set forth in an SOP applicable to Participants.
- 12.2 <u>TI Outside the United States</u>. Participant shall not Use TI outside the United States or Disclose TI to any person or entity outside the United States except to the extent such Use or Disclosure is permitted or required by Applicable Law and except to the extent the Use or Disclosure is conducted in conformance with the HIPAA Security Rule, regardless of whether Participant is a Covered Entity or Business Associate. Participant shall evaluate the risks of any extraterritorial Uses and/or Disclosures of TI, if applicable, as part of an annual security assessment and prior to any new or substantially different type of non-U.S. Use(s) or Disclosure(s). Such security assessment shall include a risk assessment to evaluate whether the Uses or Disclosures of Individually Identifiable information that is reasonably believed to be TI by or to persons or entities outside the United States satisfies the requirements of the HIPAA Security Rule. The foregoing does not modify or eliminate any provision of Applicable Law that does not permit Participant to Disclose Individually Identifiable

information to a person or entity outside the United States or that imposes conditions or limitations on such Disclosure.

12.3 <u>TEFCA Security Incident Notification</u>.

- 12.3.1 Reporting to the eHealth Exchange. As soon as reasonably practicable, but not more than five (5) calendar days after determining that any TEFCA Security Incident may have occurred, Participant shall provide notification to the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee of the suspected TEFCA Security Incident. Such notification must include sufficient information for the QHIN Governance Committee and others affected to understand the nature and likely scope of the TEFCA Security Incident. Participant shall supplement the information contained in the notification as it becomes available and cooperate with the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee and, at the direction of the QHIN Governance Committee, with the RCE and with other QHINs and TEFCA Participants and Subparticipants that are likely impacted by the TEFCA Security Incident.
- 12.3.2 <u>Reporting to Subparticipants</u>. Participant shall report any TEFCA Security Incident experienced by or reported to Participant to all of Participant's Subparticipants. Such notification shall be in accordance with the timing and content requirements stated in Section 12.3.1.
- 12.3.3 <u>Vertical Reporting of TEFCA Security Incident(s)</u>. Participant shall require that each Subparticipant with which it has entered into a Participant-Subparticipant Agreement:
 - (i) Report any TEFCA Security Incident experienced by or reported to the Subparticipant to Participant and to the Subparticipant's Downstream Subparticipants in accordance with the timing and content requirements stated in Section 12.3.1;
 - (ii) Require that each Subparticipant with which Participant enters into a Participant-Subparticipant Agreement require that its Downstream Subparticipants report any TEFCA Security Incident experienced by or reported to the Downstream Subparticipant to the Upstream Subparticipant and to its own Downstream Subparticipants, in accordance with the timing and content requirements stated in Section 12.3.1.
 - (iii) Notify the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee of any TEFCA Security Incident reported to Participant by one of its Subparticipants.

13. Suspension & Termination

13.1 Flow-Down Rights to Suspend.

- 13.1.1 Suspension Rights Granted to RCE. Participant understands and acknowledges that the RCE has certain authority to suspend the right of any QHIN, TEFCA Participant, Subparticipant, or Downstream Subparticipant to engage in any QHIN-to-QHIN exchange activities. Participant specifically acknowledges and agrees that the RCE has the right to suspend the right of Participant, any of its Subparticipants, and/or any of their Downstream Subparticipants to engage in any exchange activities using the eHealth Exchange Connectivity Services if: (a) there is an alleged violation of these TEFCA Terms or other Framework Agreement or of Applicable Law by the respective party/parties; (b) there is a cognizable threat to the security of information that the RCE reasonably believes is TI transmitted pursuant to these TEFCA Terms or other such Framework Agreement or to the infrastructure of the respective party, the eHealth Exchange, or the RCE; or (c) such suspension is in the interests of national security as directed by an agency of the United States government.
- 13.1.2 <u>Suspension Rights Granted to the eHealth Exchange</u>. Participant acknowledges and agrees that the eHealth Exchange has the same authority as the RCE to suspend the right of Participant and/or of any level of Subparticipant that is listed in the eHealth Exchange QHIN Directory under Participant, no matter how far removed, to engage in any activities using the eHealth Exchange Connectivity Services if any of the circumstances described in subsections 13.1.1 (a)-(c) above occur with respect to Participant and/or any/all level(s) of Subparticipant(s) that is/are listed in the eHealth Exchange QHIN Directory under Participant.
 - (i) the eHealth Exchange *may* exercise such right to suspend based on the QHIN Governance Committee's determination that any of the circumstances described in subsections 13.1.1 (a)-(c) above occurred with respect to Participant or any level of Subparticipant listed in the eHealth Exchange QHIN Directory under Participant.
 - (ii) the eHealth Exchange *must* exercise such right to suspend if directed to do so by the RCE based on the RCE's determination that suspension is warranted based on any of the circumstances described in subsections 13.1.1 (a)-(c) above with respect to Participant or any level of Subparticipant listed in the eHealth Exchange QHIN Directory under Participant.

- 13.1.3 <u>Suspension Rights Granted to Participant</u>. In each of its Participant-Subparticipant Agreements, Participant shall ensure that each Subparticipant agrees and acknowledges that, in addition to the suspension authority of the RCE in Section 13.1.1 and the eHealth Exchange in Section 13.1.2, Participant also has the authority to suspend its Subparticipants' and/or any/all level(s) of their Downstream Subparticipants' right to engage in any activities that utilize the eHealth Exchange Connectivity Services if any of the circumstances described in Subsections 13.1.1 (a)-(c) above occur with respect to such Subparticipant or Downstream Subparticipant.
 - (i) Participant may exercise such right to suspend based on its own determination that any of the circumstances described in Subsections 13.1.1 (a)-(c) above occurred with respect to Subparticipant and/or any of its Downstream Subparticipants.
 - (ii) Participant *must* exercise such right to suspend if directed to do so by the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee. If the suspension is at the direction of the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee, Participant is required to effectuate such suspension as soon as practicable and not longer than within twenty-four (24) hours of the QHIN Governance Committee or its designee having directed the suspension, unless the QHIN Governance Committee permits a longer period of time in which to effectuate the suspension.
- 13.1.4 <u>Suspension Rights Granted to Subparticipant</u>. To the extent that a Subparticipant of Participant has Downstream Subparticipants, Participant shall require Subparticipant to reserve the same rights of suspension with respect to the Subparticipant's Downstream Subparticipants that Participant has with respect to such Subparticipant pursuant to Section 13.1.3.

13.2 Termination.

13.2.1 <u>Termination of QHIN Participation by Subsequent Opt-Out.</u> Participant may terminate its participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN, at any time, by providing the QHIN Governance Committee or designee at least thirty (30) days' written notice that Participant wishes to opt out of continued participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN. Opting out of participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN shall have no effect on Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange with respect to any non-TEFCA activities, and all other agreements between Participant and the eHealth Exchange, including but not limited to the DURSA, shall remain in full force and effect.

- 13.2.2 <u>Termination of QHIN Participation by the QHIN Governance Committee</u>. The QHIN Governance Committee may terminate Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN for the reasons and with the notice set forth below.
 - (i) Effective upon written notice to Participant in the event Participant has been suspended in accordance with Section 13.1 and: (a) the QHIN Governance Committee determines that Participant's acts or omissions created an imminent threat or were likely to cause irreparable harm to another party or to the Connectivity Services; (b) the QHIN Governance Committee determines that the cause for the suspension is not reasonably capable of being cured; or (c) Participant's suspension is not lifted within sixty (60) days of taking effect.
 - (ii) Effective upon written notice to Participant in the event of Participant's material breach or default of these TEFCA Terms or other TEFCA Materials, where such breach or default has not been sufficiently cured by Participant within thirty (30) days of the QHIN Governance Committee's notice to Participant of the breach or default.
- 13.2.3 Other Bases for Termination of QHIN Participation. The additional bases for termination set forth below shall have no effect on Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange with respect to any non-TEFCA activities, and all other agreements between Participant and the eHealth Exchange, including but not limited to the DURSA, shall remain in full force and effect.
 - (i) In the event the eHealth Exchange ceases its QHIN operations, termination of Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN shall coincide with the effective date of the eHealth Exchange's cessation of QHIN-to-QHIN exchange under the Common Agreement. In the event that the cessation of QHIN operations is initiated by the eHealth Exchange, Participant shall receive at least thirty (30) days' prior written notice of the same. In the event the RCE terminates the Common Agreement with the eHealth Exchange, the QHIN Governance Committee shall provide Participant with as much notice as practicable.
 - (ii) The RCE has the authority to terminate the Common Agreement and effectively cease supporting TEFCA operations in the event there is insufficient funding for the RCE to continue supporting such operations and there is no successor RCE. In the event of such termination of the Common Agreement by the RCE, the QHIN Governance Committee shall provide Participant with written notice of the same at least one hundred and twenty (120) days prior to the effective date of cessation of TEFCA operations.

- 13.2.4 <u>Termination of Participation in the eHealth Exchange</u>. Termination of Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange, for any reason and by either party, shall automatically terminate Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN with no further action by either party.
- 13.2.5 <u>Communication of Termination and Effects</u>. Participant shall be solely responsible for communicating any termination under Section 13.2, including any downstream effects thereof, to Participant's Subparticipants.
- 13.3 <u>Dispute Resolution Paths Under this Section</u>. The following dispute resolution provisions are only applicable to Participant and do not flow down to Subparticipants.
 - 13.3.1 TEFCA Dispute Resolution Petition. In the event that the RCE suspends Participant's participation in QHIN-to-QHIN exchange, including where the RCE requires that the eHealth Exchange QHIN suspend Participant's use of the Connectivity Services, Participant shall have the right to petition the QHIN Governance Committee to give approval for the eHealth Exchange's QHIN representative to work with Participant to initiate the TEFCA Dispute Resolution Process on behalf of Participant. Participant must submit its written petition, describing Participant's basis for disputing its suspension by the RCE, to the QHIN Governance Committee within ten (10) calendar days of such suspension. The QHIN Governance Committee shall provide a written response to Participant within fourteen (14) calendar days of receipt of Participant's petition. If the QHIN Governance Committee approves the petition, the matter may proceed facilitated by the eHealth Exchange's QHIN representative or designee and must adhere to the TEFCA Dispute Resolution Process.
 - 13.3.2 QHIN Dispute Resolution Process. In the event that the QHIN Governance Committee suspends Participant's use of the Connectivity Services pursuant to Section 13.1.2(i) or terminates Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN pursuant to Section 13.2.2, Participant may initiate a dispute as set forth below.

14. QHIN Participation Disputes

14.1 <u>Dispute Resolution Process</u>. Participant shall adhere to the Dispute Resolution Process set forth in the DURSA, <u>except</u> that the following types of disputes shall not be escalated to the Coordinating Committee and may, instead, be escalated to the QHIN Governance Committee: (a) disputes between Participant and another eHealth Exchange QHIN Participant that arise exclusively out of the use of the Connectivity Services; and/or (b) disputes between Participant and the eHealth Exchange QHIN

pertaining to the interpretation and/or enforcement of the TEFCA Materials, including disputes involving suspension of Participant's use of the Connectivity Services or termination of Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN as set forth in Section 13.3.2 of these TEFCA Terms.

15. Order of Precedence

- Double 15.1 Order of Precedence for Participants. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between or among Applicable Law, these TEFCA Terms, and any other terms and conditions, the following shall be the order of precedence to the extent of such conflict or inconsistency for purposes of activities governed by these TEFCA Terms: (i) Applicable Law; (ii) the provisions of these TEFCA Terms that are Required Flow-Downs under the Common Agreement; (iii) the TEFCA Supplements; (iv) to the extent applicable, the SOPs; (v) the TEFCA Protocols; and (vi) any other terms and conditions agreed to by the parties. For the avoidance of doubt, the DURSA shall continue to take precedence over the foregoing for exchange activities that do not utilize the Connectivity Services and over any/all other eHealth Exchange activities that are not subject to these TEFCA Terms.
- 15.2 Flow-Down Order of Precedence. In the event of any conflict or inconsistency between or among Applicable Law, the Participant-Subparticipant Agreement, and any other terms and conditions, the following shall be the order of precedence to the extent of such conflict or inconsistency for Subparticipants of the eHealth Exchange QHIN: (i) Applicable Law; (ii) the provisions of the Participant-Subparticipant Agreement that are Required Flow-Downs under the Common Agreement; (iii) to the extent applicable, the TEFCA Supplements; (iv) to the extent applicable, the SOPs; (v) to the extent applicable, the TEFCA Protocols; and (vi) any other terms and conditions agreed to by the parties. For the avoidance of doubt, the provisions of the DURSA that Participant is required to flow down shall continue to take precedence over the foregoing for exchange activities that do not utilize the Connectivity Services and over any/all other eHealth Exchange activities that are not subject to these TEFCA Terms.

16. Survival

16.1 <u>Survival for Participants and Subparticipants</u>. The following sections of these TEFCA Terms shall survive expiration or termination of Participant's participation in the eHealth Exchange QHIN as more specifically provided below. Further, Participant shall include at least the following survival provisions in all of its Participant-Subparticipant Agreements and require that such provisions also be included as minimum survival provisions and minimum survival time periods in all Downstream Subparticipant Agreements.

- 16.1.1 Section 7.1, Confidential Information, shall survive for a period of six (6) years following the expiration or termination of the applicable Framework Agreement;
- 16.1.2 Section 11, Privacy, to the extent that Participant or its Subparticipant(s) is/are subject to Section 11, said Section shall survive the expiration or termination of the applicable Framework Agreement until the expiration of the time period specified in the definition of PHI at 45 CFR § 160.103 under Subsection 2(iv) of such definition, i.e., fifty (50) years after the death of the Individual to whom the information covered by Section 11 relates;
- 16.1.3 Section 12.1, Security Controls, Section 12.1 shall survive the expiration or termination of the applicable Framework Agreement until the expiration of the time period specified in the definition of PHI at 45 CFR § 160.103 under Subsection 2(iv) of such definition, i.e., fifty (50) years after the death of the Individual to whom the information covered by Section 12.1 relates.
- 16.1.4 The requirements of Section 12.3.3, Vertical Reporting of TEFCA Security Incident(s), shall survive for a period of six (6) years following the expiration or termination of the applicable Framework Agreement.

End of TEFCA Terms & Conditions



Standard Operating Procedure (SOP): Types of Entities That Can Be a Participant or Subparticipant in TEFCA

Applicability: RCE; Prospective Participants and Subparticipants

Note: Since QHINs must go through a Designation process with the RCE, the list below of types of entities that can be a Participant or Subparticipant does not apply to QHINs.

1 COMMON AGREEMENT REFERENCES

Capitalized terms used below without definitions shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Common Agreement.

Section 9 (first paragraph): TEFCA Exchange Activities: "In addition to the requirements below, a QHIN, Participant, or Subparticipant may only Request information under the applicable Framework Agreement for a specific Exchange Purpose if the QHIN, Participant, or Subparticipant is the type of person or entity that is described in the definition of the applicable Exchange Purpose. Such a QHIN, Participant, or Subparticipant may use a Business Associate, agent, or contractor to make such a Request, Use, or Disclosure for the applicable Exchange Purpose. For example, only a Health Care Provider as described in the definition of Treatment (or a Business Associate, agent, or contractor acting on that Health Care Provider's behalf) may Request information for the Exchange Purpose of Treatment."

Definitions:

Participant: to the extent permitted by applicable SOP(s), a U.S. Entity regardless of whether the entity is a Covered Entity or a Business Associate, that has entered into a Participant-QHIN Agreement whereby the QHIN agrees to transmit and receive information via QHIN-to-QHIN exchange on behalf of the party to the Participant-QHIN Agreement for the Exchange Purposes.

Subparticipant: to the extent permitted by applicable SOP(s), a U.S. Entity regardless of whether the entity is a Covered Entity or Business Associate, that has entered into either: (i) a Participant-Subparticipant Agreement to use the services of a Participant as described in Section 9 of this Common Agreement to send and/or receive information; or (ii) a Downstream Subparticipant Agreement pursuant to which the services of a Subparticipant are used as described in Section 9 of this Common Agreement to send and/or receive information.

2 Purpose

This SOP specifies the types of entity that can be a Participant or Subparticipant in TEFCA, which clarifies language included in the Common Agreement. The Common Agreement language from Section 9 explains that in order for a Participant or Subparticipant to Request information under the applicable Framework Agreement for a specific Exchange Purpose, the Participant or Subparticipant must be the type of entity that is described in the definition of the applicable



Exchange Purpose. However, the Common Agreement does not list specific types of entities that would qualify to be a Participant or Subparticipant, but rather referred in those definitions to SOP(s) for further requirements regarding entities that could be Participants or Subparticipants.

Providing this type of clarity will be valuable to QHINs, Participants, and Subparticipants in determining whether or not to sign Framework Agreements to exchange information in TEFCA with different entities.

3 ENTITIES THAT CAN BE A PARTICIPANT OR SUBPARTICIPANT IN TEFCA

If an entity is not of a type that is entitled to request information under one or more of the Exchange Purposes, it shall not qualify as a Participant or Subparticipant for purposes of any Framework Agreement.

Only an entity that is entitled to request information under one or more of the Exchange Purposes and is one or more of the following types shall be permitted to be a Participant or a Subparticipant:

- a Covered Entity (or a Business Associate acting on its behalf for the Exchange Purpose of the Covered Entity);
- (ii) a Government Health Care Entity (or an agent or contractor of the Government Health Care Entity acting on its behalf for the Exchange Purpose of the Government Health Care Entity);
- (iii) a Health Care Provider (or the Health Care Provider's agent or contractor acting on its behalf for the Exchange Purpose of the Health Care Provider) but not a Covered Entity or a Government Health Care Entity;
- (iv) a federal, state, local, or tribal agency, instrumentality, or other unit of government that determines whether an Individual qualifies for government benefits for any purpose other than health care (for example, Social Security disability benefits) to the extent permitted by Applicable Law (or its agent or contractor acting on its behalf for the Exchange Purpose of such an agency, instrumentality or other unit);
- (v) a Public Health Authority (or its agent or contractor acting on its behalf for the Exchange Purpose of the Public Health Authority);
- (vi) an IAS Provider; or
- (vii) any entity that contracts with and enables connectivity for any of the entities listed in (i)-(vi) above.



An entity that is not included in the list above, but believes it is entitled to request information under one or more of the Exchange Purposes as described in Section 9 of the Common Agreement, the Exchange Purposes SOP, and the relevant Exchange Purpose Implementation SOP(s), may submit a request to the RCE for addition to this list as an SOP amendment in accordance with Section 5, Change Management in the Common Agreement.

This program is supported by the Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology (ONC) of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) under grant number 90AX0026, Trusted Exchange Framework and Common Agreement - Recognized Coordinating Entity (RCE) Cooperative Agreement Program, in the amount of \$2,919,000 with 100 percent funded by ONC/HHS. This information or content and conclusions are those of the author and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by ONC, HHS or the U.S. Government.

